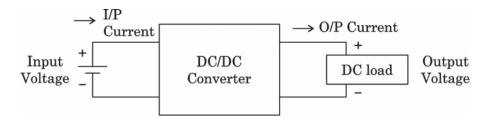
1.	The capac	city of a	cell (Battery	y) is me	easured in
----	-----------	-----------	---------------	----------	------------

- (A) Amperes
- (B) Ampere hours
- (C) Watts
- (D) Watt hours
- (E) Answer not known
- 2. Select the incorrect statement about the Fuel cells.
  - (A) Fuel Cells have few moving parts and hence less maintenance
  - (B) The emission levels of fuel cells are low
  - (C) Fuel cells are modular
  - (D) The noise levels of fuel cells are high
  - (E) Answer not known
- 3. For proper operation of a fuel cell, the operating point is set in ——— of the VI characteristics.
  - (A) high load region
  - (B) low load region
  - (C) middle, near flat region
  - (D) any region, irrespective of load
  - (E) Answer not known
- 4. Vent plug in a battery is used for
  - (A) Cooling the battery
  - (B) Preventing corrosion
  - (C) To passout gases produced during chemical reaction
  - (D) To breath oxygen from the atmosphere
  - (E) Answer not known

5. DC to DC convertor as shown in fig. a battery of 25V is connected and the input current is 4A. At the output side, a voltmeter shows 50V across the load end the output current is 1.8A. Find the power lost in the converter due to losses.



(A) 25 W

(B) 10 W

(C) 20 W

- (D) 15 W
- (E) Answer not known
- 6. Variable speed wind Turbines are designed to Achieve
  - (A) Minimum Aero Dynamic Efficiency
  - (B) Maximum Torque
  - (C) Maximum Aerodynamic Efficiency
  - (D) Minimum Torque
  - (E) Answer not known
- 7. Wind Turbines with a high number of blades have
  - (A) Low tip speed ratio
  - (B) High starting torque
  - (C) Low tip speed ratio but a high starting torque
  - (D) Neither (A) nor (B)
  - (E) Answer not known

8.	Wind Speed is measure by						
	(A)	Odometers	(B) Anemometers				
	(C)	Ammeter	(D) Weather Vanes				
	(E)	Answer not known					
9.	Pow	Power in wind is					
	(A)	(A) Directly proportional to cube of wind velocity					
	(B)	(B) Inversely proportional to cube of wind velocity					
	(C)	Directly proportional to squa	are of wind velocity				
	(D)	D) Directly proportional to wind velocity					
	(E)	Answer not known					
10.	Hea Assu	d = 25 meters Water discharge	$= 996 \text{ kg/m}^2 \text{ g} = 9.81 \text{ m/s}^2$ . The				
	(A)	0.55	(B) 0.51				
	(C)	0.70	(D) 0.61				
	(E)	Answer not known					
11.		wind speed (14 km/h or 4 mns is called	m/s) at which the turbine output				
	(A)	Rated Speed	(B) Cut-Out speed				
	(C)	Cut-in Speed	(D) Average Speed				
	(E)	Answer not known					

**5** 

12.	_	th = 52 m; wind velocity = 1	on for a wind turbine: Blade 2 m/sec; Air density = 1.23 kg/m³; r generated by the wind turbine is				
	(A)	3.5 MW	(B) 6.3 MW				
	(C)	8.8 MW	(D) 10 MW				
	(E)	Answer not known					
13.		A solar cell is an electrical device that converts the energy of light directly into electricity by the					
	(A)	Photovoltaic effect	(B) Chemical effect				
	(C)	Atmospheric effect	(D) Physical effect				
	(E)	Answer not known					
14.	A ty	pical open circuit voltage of a	solar cell is				
	(A)	12 V	(B) 6 V				
	(C)	3 V	(D) 0.5 V				
	(E)	Answer not known					
15.	The	output of solar cell is of the o	rder of				
	(A)	1 W	(B) 5 W				
	(C)	10 W	(D) 20 W				
	(E)	Answer not known					

- 16. A solar PV module having total area of 1.646 m², and gives a current of 8.08 A and voltage of 29.72%. The short circuit current of the module is 8.48A and Open Circuit Voltage is 37.34 V. Find the fill factor of the Solar Cell.
  - (A) 75.83%

(B) 70.63%

(C) 83.45%

(D) 55.63%

- (E) Answer not known
- 17. Energy Conservation means
  - (A) Reducing energy consumption by reducing the output
  - (B) Increasing the output by consuming more energy
  - (C) Reducing the energy consumption without compromising the quantity or quality of production
  - (D) Reducing the energy consumption by reducing the production
  - (E) Answer not known
- 18. In Photo Voltaic system arrange the following from smallest to the largest unit.
  - (i) Module
  - (ii) Array
  - (iii) Solar Cell
  - (iv) Array field

Choose the correct answer from the following options given below:

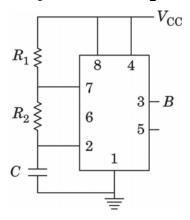
- (A) (ii), (iv), (i), (iii)
- (B) (ii), (iv), (iii), (i)
- (C) (iii), (ii), (iv), (i)
- (D) (iii), (i), (ii), (iv)
- (E) Answer not known

19.	Solar Radiation received on the Earth's surface without change in direction is called				
	(A)	Total Radiation	(B) Direct Beam Radiation		
	(C)	Diffuse Radiation	(D) Atmosphere Radiation		
	(E)	Answer not known			
20.	At s	olar noon, the hour angle is			
	(A)	Zero degrees	(B) $-90^{\circ}$		
	(C)	+90°	(D) $+180^{\circ}$		
	(E)	Answer not known			
21.	Dela	ay Flipflop is			
	(A)	JK	(B) D		
	(C)	T	(D) SR		
	(E)	Answer not known			
22.	Sim	plify the following expression u	ısing Boolean algebra.		
	$A\overline{B}$	$C(BD + CDE) + A\overline{C}$			
	(A)	$Aig(\overline{B}DE+\overline{C}ig)$	(B) $A(B\overline{D}E+C)$		
		$A(B\overline{D}\overline{E}+\overline{C})$	(D) $A(\overline{B}DE + C)$		
	(E)	Answer not known	· ,		
23.	Y(A	$(A,B,C,D) = \sum m(0, 2, 5, 7, 8, 10, 1)$	(3, 15)		
	for t	the above function the sum of p	roducts expression is		
	(A)	$A \oplus B$	(B) $B \oplus D$		
	(C)	$B \odot D$	(D) $A \odot B$		
	(E)	Answer not known			

24.	How adde	<del>-</del>	ed to construct an M bit parallel
	(A)	m/2	(B) $m-1$
	(C)	m	(D) $m+1$
	(E)	Answer not known	
25.	prop		ter uses J-K flip flop. If the flop is 50 Nano-seconds, the be used is equal to
	(A)	$20~\mathrm{MHz}$	(B) 10 MHz
	(C)	8 MHz	(D) 5 MHz
	(E)	Answer not known	
26.	Whic	ch of the following is <u>not true</u> a	bout logic gates?
	(A)	It is a digital circuit that has output	one or more inputs but only one
	(B)	It follows a logical relations signals	ship between input and output
	(C)	There is no logical relations signals	ship between input and output
	(D)	It is an electronic device that	implements a boolean function
	(E)	Answer not known	
27.	The gate		n all its inputs are at logic 0 the
	(A)	NOR Gate	(B) AND Gate
	(C)	OR Gate	(D) XOR Gate
	(E)	Answer not known	

- 28. A colpitts oscillator uses
  - (A) Tapped coil

- (B) Inductive feedback
- (C) Tapped capacitance
- (D) No tuned LC circuit
- (E) Answer not known
- 29. Calculate the duty cycle of the output of an astable multivibrator using timer 555. Assume  $R_1=25\,k\Omega$ ,  $R_2=50\,k\Omega$ ,  $C=0.1\,\mu F$



(A) 60%

(B) 75%

(C) 50%

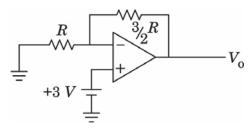
- (D) 100%
- (E) Answer not known
- 30. In a two stage op-amp amplifier, if the input voltage of the first stage is 8 V and output of the second stage is 40 V, then the overall gain of the amplifier is
  - (A) 320

(B) 25

(C) 5

- (D) 32
- (E) Answer not known

31. For the given ideal Op-Amp the output voltage is



(A) 15 V

(B) 9 V

(C) 4.5 V

- (D) 7.5 V
- (E) Answer not known
- 32. The class B push-pull amplifier with  $R_L=16\,\Omega$  and  $V_{CC}=12\,V$ . If the input AC signal produces a peak voltage output of  $V_m=6\,V$  across the load resistor  $R_L$ , the input power will be
  - (A) 2.865 watts

(B) 6 watts

(C) 7.125 watts

- (D) 28 watts
- (E) Answer not known
- 33. In operational amplifier the Common Mode Rejection Ratio (CMRR) is the ratio of
  - (A) Differential gain  $A_D$  and common mode gain  $A_{CM}$
  - (B) Differential gain  $A_D$  and common mode voltage  $V_{CM}$
  - (C) Common mode gain  $A_{CM}$  and differential voltage  $V_D$
  - (D) Common mode gain  $A_{\mathit{CM}}$  and common mode voltage  $V_{\mathit{CM}}$

11

(E) Answer not known

34.	Whi	Which one of the following is not an application of precision diode?				
	(A)	Rectifier	(B) Clipper			
	(C)	Schmitt Trigger	(D) Clamper			
	(E)	Answer not known				
35.		Op-amp $\muA741$ , the $\muA$ reprehe manufacturer	esents the identifying initials used			
	(A)	Motorola	(B) Fair child			
	(C)	National semiconductor	(D) Texas instruments			
	(E)	Answer not known				
36.		ransistor has collector currer ne of base current is	nt of 840 $\mu A$ and $\beta = 105$ . The			
	(A)	8 μ Α	(B) $0.8 \ \mu A$			
	(C)	8 mA	(D) 0.8 m A			
	(E)	Answer not known				
37.		bridge rectifier circuit, the page is 0.7 V. The peak inverse	peak voltage is 5 V and diode cut voltage on the diode is			
	(A)	4.3 V	(B) 3.6 V			
	(C)	9.3 V	(D) 8.6 V			
	(E)	Answer not known				

	(1)	Lower input current noise	_	Bipolar
	(2)	Lower input voltage noise	_	CMOS
	(3)	Higher voltage gain	_	CMOS
	(4)	High CMRR	_	Bipolar
	(A)	(2) and (3) are correct	(B)	(3) and (4) are correct
	(C)	(1) and (2) are correct	(D)	(1) and (3) are correct
	(E)	Answer not known		
39.	The	number of depletion layers in	a NP	N transistor is
	(A)	Three	(B)	Two
	(C)	One	(D)	Four
	(E)	Answer not known		
40.	In a	N-P-N transistor, the leakage	curre	ent is due to
	(A)	Flow of minority carriers from	n coll	ector to emitter
	(B)	Flow of holes from base to em	nitter	
	(C)	Flow of electrons from collect	or to	base
	(D)	Flow of holes from collector to	o base	e
	(E)	Answer not known		
41.		d the step angle of a variable eeth in the stator and 8 rotor to		uctance stepper motor with
	(A)	15°/step	(B)	4°/step
	(C)	24°/step	(D)	20°/step
	(E)	Answer not known		

Choose the right matches:

38.

42.	The maximum output torque of a permanent magnet synchronous motors is							
	(A)	(A) 150 percent of the rated torque						
	(B)	· /						
	(C)	50 percent of the rated torque						
	(D)	25 percent of the rated torque						
	(E)	Answer not known						
43.		short pitch angle (electrical) se voltage of an alternator is	to	eliminate 5 <sup>th</sup> harmonics in				
	(A)	$5^{\circ}$	(B)	18°				
	(C)	$36^{\circ}$	(D)	72°				
	(E)	Answer not known						
44.		If the input to the prime mover of an alternator is kept constant and the excitation is increased, the power factor is						
	(A)	Leading	(B)	Lagging				
	(C)	Not changing	(D)	Unity				
	(E)	Answer not known						
45.	Dur	ing hunting of synchronous mot	or					
	(A)	Negative phase sequence curr	ents	s are generated				
	(B)	Harmonics are developed in the						
	(C)	Damper bar develops torque						
	(D)	Field excitation increases						
	(E)	Answer not known						

46.	4 cor spre 0.94	pole, 3 phase 50 Hz, star connenductors per slot. Coils are showad is 60°, find the line voltage 3 WB distributed sinusoidally in series,	rt pi se in	tched by 3 slots. If the phase duced for a flux per pole of
	(A)	13185 V	(B)	15000 V
	(C)	440 V	(D)	1250 V
	(E)	Answer not known		
47.		pole, 50 Hz single phase induced of the motor will be	etion	motor has a slip of 5%, the
	(A)	1500 r.p.m.	(B)	1425 r.p.m.
	(C)	1200 r.p.m.	(D)	1000 r.p.m.
	(E)	Answer not known		
48.		00 V, 10 KW, 4 Pole, 50 HZ Y co slip of 5%. The output torque of		
	(A)	10 Nm	(B)	77 Nm
	(C)	123 Nm	(D)	67.05 Nm
	(E)	Answer not known		
49.	losse	00 KVA transformer has const es at full load are 2000 W. The imum?		
	(A)	250 KVA	(B)	500 KVA
	(C)	1000 KVA	(D)	125 KVA
	(E)	Answer not known		

50.		The main purpose of performing open-circuit test on a transformer is to measure its				
	(A)	Cu Loss	(B) Core loss			
	(C)	Total loss	(D) Insulation resistance			
	(E)	Answer not known				
51.	Whe	en the rotor of a 3 phase induct	ion motor is blocked, the slip is?			
	(A)	Zero	(B) 0.5			
	(C)	0.1	(D) 1			
	(E)	Answer not known				
52.		The saving in Cu achieved by converting a 2-winding transformer into an auto transformer is determined by				
	(A)	Size of transformer core				
	(B)	Load on the secondary				
	(C)	Voltage transformation ratio				
	(D)	Magnetic quality of core mate	erial			
	(E)	Answer not known				
53.	A 100 KVA, 1100/400 V, 50 Hz $1\phi$ transformer has 100 turns on th secondary winding. The number of turns in its primary will be					
		-	-			
	(A)	550	(B) 275			
	(C)	2750	(D) 5500			
	(E)	Answer not known				

54. The relation between synchronous speed, stator supply frequency and stator number of poles of a  $3\phi$  IM is given by

(A) 
$$Ns = \frac{P}{120 f}$$

(B) 
$$f = \frac{120 \, Ns}{P}$$

(C) 
$$f = \frac{PNs}{120}$$

(D) 
$$Ns = \frac{120 P}{f}$$

- (E) Answer not known
- 55. The DC motor which can provide zero speed regulation at full load without any controller is
  - (A) Cumulative compound
- (B) Differential compound

(C) Series

- (D) Shunt
- (E) Answer not known
- - (A) Armature
  - (B) Series field
  - (C) Shunt field
  - (D) Armature and Series field both
  - (E) Answer not known
- - (A) Dampers
  - (B) High resistance copper conductors
  - (C) Interpoles
  - (D) Equaliser rings
  - (E) Answer not known

- 58. The current drawn by a 120 V dc motor of armature resistance 0.5  $\Omega$  and back emf 110 V is
  - (A) 10 A

(B) 20 A

(C) 5 A

- (D) 2 A
- (E) Answer not known
- 59. The critical resistance of the dc generator is the resistance of
  - (A) Armature winding
- (B) Field winding

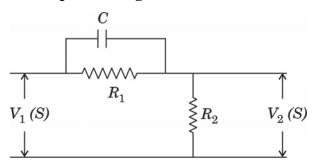
(C) Load

- (D) Brushes
- (E) Answer not known
- 60. The number of parallel paths in the armature winding of a four pole wave connected DC machine having 22 coil side is
  - (A) 04

(B) 02

(C) 22

- (D) 01
- (E) Answer not known
- 61. Fig below shows a compensating network



The above network is called

- (A) Phase lag network
- (B) Phase lead lag network
- (C) Phase lead network
- (D) Phase correcting network
- (E) Answer not known

- 62. A phase lead compensation network
  - (A) Decreases the system bandwidth
  - (B) Speeds up the dynamic response
  - (C) Is applied when error constants are specified
  - (D) Reduces the steady state error
  - (E) Answer not known
- 63. Consider the fourth order system with the characteristic equation

$$S^4 + 8S^3 + 18S^2 + 16S + 5 = 0$$

Determine the state of the system

(A) Stable

(B) Unstable

(C) Quasi – stable

- (D) Indeterminate
- (E) Answer not known
- 64. The main difficulty in using the array method of Routh-Hurwitz stability criterion is that
  - (A) It is difficult to compute various entries of the table
  - (B) When one of the pivoting elements becomes zero, it has to be assumed to be a small number
  - (C) It is not very accurate
  - (D) It is not predicting the system stability
  - (E) Answer not known

65. In Nyquist plot, encirclement of origin in a counter clock wise direction is given by

P = Number of Poles, N = Number of Zeros

(A) P + Z

(B) P + 2Z

(C) 2P + Z

- (D) P Z
- (E) Answer not known
- 66. If the poles of the system lie on the right half of S plane, the system will be
  - (A) Stable

- (B) Conditionally stable
- (C) Marginally stable
- (D) Unstable
- (E) Answer not known
- 67. Characteristics equation for a second order system is  $a_2S^2+a_1S+a_0=0$ . The Routh array can be represented as
  - (A)  $\begin{array}{c|cccc} S^2 & a_2 & a_0 \\ S & a_1 & 0 \\ S^0 & a_0 & 0 \end{array}$

(C)  $\begin{array}{c|cccc} S^2 & a_2 & a_0 \\ S & a_1 & 0 \\ S^0 & 0 & a_0 \end{array}$ 

- (D)  $\begin{array}{c|cccc} S^2 & a_0 & a_2 \\ \hline S^0 & 0 & a_1 \\ \hline S^0 & 0 & a_0 \\ \hline \end{array}$
- (E) Answer not known

- 68. A unity feedback system has  $G(S) = \frac{80}{S(S+40)}$ . The steady state error to unit ramp input will be
  - (A) 2.5

(B) 0.5

(C) 1.5

- (D) 4
- (E) Answer not known
- 69. Corner frequency of the factor  $\frac{1}{1+j2w}$  is
  - (A) 0.4

(B) 0.2

(C) 0.5

- (D) 1
- (E) Answer not known
- 70. The open loop transfer function of a feedback system is

$$G(S)H(S) = \frac{K}{S(S+4)(S^2+4S+20)}$$

Find the centroid of the given system.

(A) -2

(B) -3

(C) -4

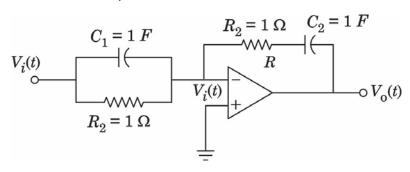
- (D) -1
- (E) Answer not known
- 71. The Laplace transform of a error e(t) if a system is  $\frac{S(S+3)}{S(S+10)}$ . The steady state error of the system is
  - (A) 3.6

(B) 1.8

(C) 2

- (D) 2.4
- (E) Answer not known

72. The transfer function  $\frac{V_0(S)}{V_i(S)}$  of the operation amplifier circuit is



(A)  $\frac{(S+1)^2}{S}$ 

(B)  $-\frac{(S+1)^2}{S}$ 

(C)  $-\frac{S+1}{S}$ 

- (E) Answer not known
- The transfer function of a system is given as  $\frac{25}{S^2 + 2S + 25}$ . The 73. system is
  - (A) A critically damped system (B) An unstable system
- - (C)
    - An over damped system (D) An under damped system
  - (E) Answer not known
- 74. The inverted pendulum is called open loop unstable because
  - (A) The pendulum is unstable without applying any input
  - (B) The input and output are not compared with each other and it is always unstable
  - The system does not stabilize in spite of the input (C)
  - (D) Torque on the pendulum
  - (E) Answer not known

- 75. Delay time is the time required for the response to reach——— of final value in first attempt.
  - (A) 25%

(B) 50%

(C) 75%

- (D) 90%
- (E) Answer not known
- 76. The transfer function of a linear control system is given by  $G(S) = \frac{100(S+15)}{S(S+4)(S+10)}.$  In its bode diagram, the value of gain for w = 0.1 rad/sec is
  - (A) 20 dB

(B) 40 dB

(C) 60 dB

- (D) 80 dB
- (E) Answer not known
- 77. Choose the right matches of the transfer function and systems
  - (1) Gain limited integrator
- $-\frac{1}{RCs}$

(2) Summing amplifier

- RCs
- (3) Bandwidth limited differenciator -RCs
- (4) Non inverting amplifier
- $-\frac{1}{RCs}$
- (A) (1) and (3) are correct
- (B) (1) and (2) are correct
- (C) (2) and (3) are correct
- (D) (3) and (4) are correct
- (E) Answer not known

- 78. A unity feedback system having  $G(S) = \frac{16}{S(S+8)}$  is \_\_\_\_\_\_ system.
  - (A) Critically damped
- (B) Over damped

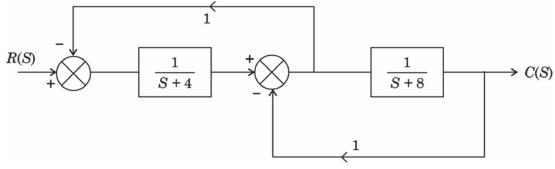
(C) Under damped

- (D) Undamped
- (E) Answer not known
- 79. Choose the incorrect force-current analogy of the following
  - (1) Displacement and inductance
  - (2) Velocity and voltage
  - (3) Mass and capacitance
  - (A) (1) only

(B) (1) and (2) only

(C) (3) only

- (D) (2) and (3) only
- (E) Answer not known
- 80. Reduce the block diagram of given fig, to the basic feedback loop and determine its G(S) and H(S). Find the transfer function C(S)/R(S)



(A)  $1/(S^2 + 12S + 44)$ 

(B)  $1/(S^2 + 12S + 22)$ 

(C)  $1/(S^2 + 14S + 22)$ 

- (D)  $1/(S^2 + 14S + 44)$
- (E) Answer not known

- 81. The threshold of an instrument is normally defined
  - (A) As the smallest measurable input change (non-zero value) which can be detected
  - (B) As the smallest measurable input which can be detected
  - (C) In terms of linearity of scale
  - (D) As a function of drift
  - (E) Answer not known
- 82. Identify correct relationship for the following equation

where I = Current, J = Current density vector  $\hat{n} = \text{normal}$  component of J A = Area.

(A)  $\oint_{l} J^{2} \cdot dI$ 

(B)  $\iint_A J \cdot \hat{n} \ dA$ 

(C)  $\iint_A J^2 \cdot dA$ 

- (D)  $\iint_{A} \frac{J}{\hat{n}} dA$
- (E) Answer not known

$$dH = \frac{I \cdot dL \cdot \sin \theta}{4\pi r^2}$$

I = Current

H = Magnetic field

 $\theta$  = Angle

dL =Short Length wire

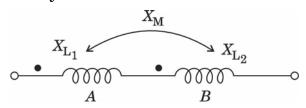
Area =  $4\pi r^2$ 

(A) Ampere's

(B) Biot - Savart

(C) Faraday's

- (D) Gauss
- (E) Answer not known
- 84. The equivalent inductance of two coils *A* and *B* connected as in the given figure is given by



(A)  $X_{L1} + X_{L2} - 2X_M$ 

(B)  $X_{L1} + X_{L2} + X_M$ 

(C)  $X_{L1} + X_{L2} - X_M$ 

- (D)  $X_{L1} + X_{L2} + 2X_M$
- (E) Answer not known

85.	Iden	ntify the statement that is a	not true of ferro magnetic materia	.ls		
	(A)	They have a large $\chi_m$				
	(B)	They have a fixed value of	$f u_r$			
	(C)	Energy loss is proportion	al to the area of the hysteresis loo	p		
	(D)	They lose their non l temperature	inearity property above the c	urie		
	(E)	Answer not known				
86.	The by	The conductance of electric circuit is analogous in magnetic circuit by				
	(A)	Flux	(B) Reluctance			
	(C)	Permeance	(D) Relative permeability			
	(E)	Answer not known				
87.		arrent of 2A is flowing through stored in the inductor.	ugh an inductor of 100 mH. Find	l the		
	(A)	$0.2~\mathrm{J}$	(B) 0.25 J			
	(C)	$0.3 \mathrm{~J}$	(D) $0.35 J$			
	(E)	Answer not known				
88.	To f	ind, $\nabla \cdot (\nabla \times A) = ?$				
	(A)	1	(B) $\nabla A$			
	(C)	0	(D) $\nabla^2 A$			
	(E)	Answer not known				

- 89. Calculate the capacitance of a parallel plate capacitor, having a mica dielectric  $\Sigma_r = 6$ , a plate area  $6.45 \times 10^{-3} \,\mathrm{m}^2$  and a separation of  $2.54 \times 10^{-4} \,\mathrm{m}$ 
  - (A) 1.349 nF

(B) 1.5 pF

(C) 1.349 pF

- (D) 1.5 F
- (E) Answer not known
- 90. Point charges  $Q_1 = 1nC$  and  $Q_2 = 2nC$  are at a distance apart. Which of the following statement are incorrect?
  - (A) The force on  $Q_1$  is repulsive
  - (B) The force on  $Q_2$  is the same in magnitude as that on  $Q_1$
  - (C) As the distance between them decreases, the force on  $Q_1$  increases linearly
  - (D) The force on  $Q_2$  is along the line joining them
  - (E) Answer not known
- 91. Verify whether the vector field  $\vec{E} = YZ\vec{a}_x + XZ\vec{a}_y + XY\vec{a}_z$  is both solenoidal and irrotational?

Assertion [A]: Solenoidal and irrotational.

Reason [R] :  $\nabla \cdot \vec{E} = 0$  and  $\nabla \times \vec{E} = 0$ .

- (A) [A] is true but [R] is false
- (B) Both [A] and [R] are true; and [R] is the correct explanation
- (C) [A] is false, [R] is true
- (D) Both [A] and [R] are true, but [R] is not the correct explanation
- (E) Answer not known

92.	The	The electric flux and field intensity inside a conducting sphere is				
	(A)	Maximux	(B) Minimum			
	(C)	Zero	(D) Uniform			
	(E)	Answer not known				
93.		d the electric field when the ve density is 6 units	elocity of the field is 10 m/s and the			
	(A)	50 units	(B) 60 units			
	(C)	40 units	(D) 70 units			
	(E)	Answer not known				
94.	Which of the following statements is correct for divergence of electric and magnetic flux densities?					
	(A)	It is zero for electric flux der	nsity			
	(B)	(B) It is zero for magnetic flux density				
	(C)	(C) Both are zero				
	(D)	(D) These are zero for static densities				
	(E)	Answer not known				
95.		d the law, which may be rence?	obtained using gauss law as a			
	(A)	Faraday's law	(B) Ampere's law			
	(C)	Coulomb's law	(D) Ohm's law			
	(E)	Answer not known				

96.	Which of the following relationship exists between electric flux density and electric field intensity?					
	(A)	Linear	(B) Inversely linear			
	(C)	Non-linear	(D) Inversely non-linear			
	(E)	Answer not known				
97.	Whi	Which of the following is a mathematically incorrect expression?				
	(A)	Grad DN	(B) Div Curl			
	(C)	Grad Curl	(D) Crul Grad			
	(E)	Answer not known				
98.	Elec	Electric flux density in a charge free region is given by				
	$\overline{D} = 10x \ \overline{a}x + 5y \ \overline{a}y + KZ^2 \ \overline{a}_2 \ \mu\text{C/m}^2$					
	find the constant $K$ .					
	(A)	-20	(B) $-25$			
	(C)	-15	(D) 10			
	(E)	Answer not known				
99.		In $xy$ -plane, $Q_1$ = 100 $\mu$ C at (2, 3, 0) m experiences a repulsive force of 7.5 N because of $Q_2$ at (10, 6, 0) m.				
	Fine	d $Q_2$				
	(A)	608 μC	(B) 668 μC			
	(C)	688 μC	(D) 638 μC			
	(E)	Answer not known				

100. The divergence of the given field

 $\overline{F} = 30 \ \overline{a}x + 2xy \ \overline{a}y + 5xz^2 \ \overline{a}z$  at (1, 1, -0.2) is

(A) 0

(B) 1

(C) 2

- (D) 3
- (E) Answer not known
- 101. In pulse code modulation (PCM) system, if the code word length is increased by 2 bits, signal to quantization noise ratio improves by a factor
  - (A) 2

(B) 8

(C) 16

- (D)  $\frac{8}{6}$
- (E) Answer not known
- 102. Any signal x(t) can be represented as
  - (A)  $x_e(t) + x_o(t)$

(B)  $x_e(t) - x_o(t)$ 

(C)  $\frac{x_e(t)}{x_o(t)}$ 

- (D)  $x_e(t) \times x_0(t)$
- (E) Answer not known
- 103. A delta modulation system require to maintain a minimum (SNR) of 60 dB. The minimum sampling rate for  $m(t) = 10\cos(200\pi t)$  to avoid slope over load distortion is
  - (A)  $10^4$  samples/s

(B)  $10^6$  samples/s

(C)  $10^8$  samples/s

- (D)  $10^{10}$  samples/s
- (E) Answer not known

104. The numbers of layers in ISO/OSI model and TCP/IP model are

(A) 5 and 7

(B) 7 and 5

(C) 7 and 7

- (D) 5 and 5
- (E) Answer not known

105. Carson's rule in the frequency modulation

(A)  $2\Delta f \left(1 + \frac{1}{\beta}\right)$ 

(B)  $2\Delta f(\beta+1)$ 

(C)  $2\Delta f\left(\frac{1}{\beta}\right)$ 

- (D)  $\Delta f \left( 1 + \frac{1}{\beta} \right)$
- (E) Answer not known

106. A special PCM system uses 16 channels of data, one whose purpose is identification and synchronization. The sampling rate is 3.5 kHz. The word length is 6 bits. Find

- (i) The no. of bits per frame
- (ii) The serial data rate
- (A) 69, 300 kHz

(B) 96, 336 kHz

(C) 75, 400 kHz

- (D) 100, 500 kHz
- (E) Answer not known

- 107. Let the signal x(t) have the fourier transform x(w). Consider the signal  $y(t) = \frac{d}{dt} \left[ x(t-t_d) \right]$  where  $t_d$  is an arbitrary delay. The magnitude of the fourier transform of y(t) is given by the expression.
  - (A)  $|x(w)| \cdot |w|$

(B)  $|x(w)| \cdot w$ 

(C)  $w^2 \cdot |x(w)|$ 

- (D)  $|w| \cdot |x(w)| \cdot e^{-jwt_d}$
- (E) Answer not known
- When bilinear transformation is applied to  $H(s) = \frac{4}{(s+2)(s+5)}$  resulting digital filter has
  - (A) Poles at -0.5 and -0.2
- (B) Poles at -2 and -5
  - (C) Poles at -2/4 and -5/4
    - (D) Zeros at 0 and 1
  - (E) Answer not known
- 109. The periodicity of the signal  $x(n) = \cos\left(\frac{2\pi n}{5}\right) + \cos\frac{2n}{7}$  is
  - (A) 35

(B) 7

(C) 5

- (D) Infinite
- (E) Answer not known

110.	The f	first five points of the eight point DFT of a real	valued sequ	ence
	are	$\{0.25, 0.125 - j\ 0.3018, 0, 0.125 - j\ 0.0518, 0\}$	Determine	the
	rema	ining 3 points.		

(A) 
$$\{0.125+j\ 0.0518,\ 0,\ 0.125+j\ 0.3018\}$$

(B) 
$$\{0.125 - j0.0518, 0, 0.125 + j0.3018\}$$

(C) 
$$\{0.125 + j\ 0.0518,\ 0,0.125 - j\ 0.318\}$$

- (D)  $\{1,0,j\}$
- (E) Answer not known

111. Match List I with List II with reference to a 8085 microprocessor and select the correct answer using the codes given in the lists:

List I (Instruction)

List II (Type of Addressing)

- (a) MOVA, M
- 1. Direct addressing
- (b) LXIH, E400H
- 2. Register Addressing
- (c) LDA FICDH
- 3. Implicit Addressing

(d) CMC

- 4. Register Indirect Addressing
- 5. Immediate Addressing
- (a) (b) (c) (d)
- (A) 5 4 1 3
- (B) 4 5 3 1
- (C) 5 4 2 3
- (D) 4 5 1 3
- (E) Answer not known

112. Number of address lines necessary to connect 8k memory chip is

(A) 10

(B) 11

(C) 12

(D) 13

(E) Answer not known

113.		In 8279, keyboard or Display interface the pins used to scan both the keyboard and displays are					
	(A)	OUT B3 – OUT B0	(B)	RL7 - RL0			
	(C)	DB 7 – DB 0	` ,	SL 3 - SL 0			
	(E)	Answer not known	` /				
114.	4. The internal data bus width of 8279 is						
	(A)	8 bits	(B)	12 bits			
	(C)	16 bits	(D)	32 bits			
	(E)	Answer not known					
115.	In RS	8~232~ m signal~levels are not comp	oatib	ble with			
	(A)	DTL	(B)	TTL			
	(C)	RTL	(D)	CMOS			
	(E)	Answer not known					
116	Memory read cycle in 8085 requires — T states						
110.							
	(A)	4	(B)	3			
	(C)	2	(D)	1			
	(E)	Answer not known					

117.	the	emory mapped I/O device has following 8085 instruction mulator to the I/O Device?					
	(A)	LXI H,OOFOH MOV M,A	(B)		H,OO DUTN		
	(C)	LXIH, OOFOH OUTFOH	(D)		H, OO OVA,		
	(E)	Answer not known					
118. Which of the following instructions are 2-Byte instruction					ructions?		
	(A)	ΒZ	(B)	BNC			
	(C)	GOTO	(D)	BRA			
	(E)	Answer not known					
119.	Suppose registers 'A' and 'B' contain 50H and 40H respectively. After execution of MOVA, B instruction, find the contents of Registers A and B						
	(A)	40 H, 40H	(B)	50 H	, 40 H	[	
	(C)	50 H, 50 H	(D)	60 H	, 40 H	[	
	(E)	Answer not known					

120. How are the status of the carry, auxiliary carry and parity flags affected after execution of these instructions?

MOV A, # 9C

ADD A, # 64 H

- (A) CY = 0, AC = 0, P = 0
- (B) CY = 1, AC = 1, P = 0
- (C) CY = 0, AC = 1, P = 0
- (D) CY = 1, AC = 1, P = 1
- (E) Answer not known
- 121. A DC shunt motor takes a current of 80A on a 480V supply and runs at 960 RPM the armature resistance is 0.25  $\Omega$  and the field resistance is 120  $\Omega$ . A chopper is used to control the speed of the motor at 400 RPM having constant torque. The on -period of the chopper is 3 ms. The field is supplied directly from 480V supply. Determine the frequency of the chopper
  - (A) 95.12 Hz

(B) 102.48 Hz

(C) 146.44 Hz

- (D) 130.05 Hz
- (E) Answer not known
- 122. The supply voltage of a Dc chopper is 220 V it delivers a load of 88 V. If the chopper is operating with 1 kHz frequency, the non-conduction period of the switch is
  - (A)  $200 \ \mu \, \text{s}$

(B)  $400 \ \mu \, \text{s}$ 

(C) 600 µs

- (D) 1000 μs
- (E) Answer not known

- 123. A  $3\varphi$  wound rotor induction motor is connected by a chopper controlled resistance in its rotor circuit. A resistance of  $2\Omega$  is connected in the rotor circuit and a resistance of  $4\Omega$  is additionally connected during off period of the chopper (off period 4 ms). The total resistance across the diode bridge for the chopper frequency of  $200~{\rm Hz}$  is
  - (A)  $\frac{26}{5}$

(B)  $\frac{24}{5}$ 

(C)  $\frac{18}{5}$ 

- (D)  $\frac{16}{5}$
- (E) Answer not known
- 124. Stator voltage control results in good efficiency for one of the loads given below

T = Torque

w =Speed

(A)  $T \alpha w^2$ 

(B) T = Constant

(C)  $T \alpha w$ 

- (D)  $T\alpha \frac{1}{w}$
- (E) Answer not known
- 125. The power developed by the motor is the machine works under braking opposing the motion, then it is called as
  - (A) Forward braking
- (B) Forward motoring

(C) Reverse braking

- (D) Reverse motoring
- (E) Answer not known

Single-phase half bridge-inverter has a resistive load of $R=3\Omega$ and the d.c. input voltage $E_{dc}=50V$ . Calculate the RMS output voltage at fundamental frequency $E_1$ and output power $P_0$ .						
	22.5 V, 208	8.33 W		22.5 V, 253 W 15.76 W, 208.33 W		
Asse	rtion [A] :	On line UPS provid	des z	zero transition time.		
Reason [R]:		Time required to a versa is zero.	normal to backup mode and vice			
(A)	[A] is true	[R] is false				
(B)	Both [A] and [R] are true, and [R] is the correct explanation					
(C)	[A] is false, [R] is true					
(D)	Both [A] and [R] are true, and [R] is not the correct explanation					
(E)	Answer no	ot known				
There is an inherent short circuit protection in						
(A)	Voltage so	urce inverter	(B)	Current source inverter		
(C)	AC voltage	e controller	(D)	Cyclo converter		
(E)	Answer no	ot known				
129. The converter which produces a lower average output the dc i/p voltage is known as			average output voltage than			
(A)	Cuk conve	rter	(B)	Buck-Boost converter		
(C)	Boost conv	verter	(D)	Buck converter		
(E)	Answer no	ot known	•			
	the dat further (A) (C) (E)  Assert Reas  (A) (B) (C) (D)  (E)  Ther (A) (C) (E)  The dat (A) (C) (C)	the d.c. input votat fundamental  (A) 15.76 V, 26  (C) 22.5 V, 206  (E) Answer notation [A]:  Reason [R]:  (A) [A] is true  (B) Both [A] a  (C) [A] is false  (D) Both [A] a  explanation  (E) Answer notation  There is an inher  (A) Voltage so  (C) AC voltage  (E) Answer notation  The converter voltage  (E) Answer notation  The converter voltage  (A) Cuk converter voltage  (B) Boost converter voltage  (C) Boost converter	the d.c. input voltage $E_{dc} = 50  \text{V}$ . Coat fundamental frequency $E_1$ and of (A) 15.76 V, 253 W  (C) 22.5 V, 208.33 W  (E) Answer not known  Assertion [A]: On line UPS provided the explanation of the converter which produces a low the dc i/p voltage is known as (A) Cuk converter  (C) Boost converter  (C) Boost converter	the d.c. input voltage $E_{dc} = 50\text{V}$ . Calculat fundamental frequency $E_1$ and output (A) 15.76 V, 253 W (B) (C) 22.5 V, 208.33 W (D) (E) Answer not known  Assertion [A]: On line UPS provides a Reason [R]: Time required to norm versa is zero.  (A) [A] is true [R] is false (B) Both [A] and [R] are true, and [R] (C) [A] is false, [R] is true (D) Both [A] and [R] are true, and [R] explanation (E) Answer not known  There is an inherent short circuit protect (A) Voltage source inverter (B) (C) AC voltage controller (D) (E) Answer not known  The converter which produces a lower the dc i/p voltage is known as  (A) Cuk converter (B) (C) Boost converter (D)		

130. If T is the chopper circuit's time period and $\alpha$ is its duty cycle chopping frequency is			
(A)	$T_{ON}/\alpha$	(B)	$ m T_{OFF}$ / $ m lpha$
(C)	$lpha/\mathrm{T_{ON}}$	(D)	$lpha/ ext{T}_{ ext{OFF}}$
(E)	Answer not known		
	<del>-</del>	_	ge of a $3\phi$ bridge rectifier
(A)	528 V	(B)	396 V
(C)	594 V	(D)	616 V
(E)	Answer not known		
$3\Omega$ 1	from 230 V, 50 Hz source. Ca	alcul	ate the maximum values of
(A)	34.512 A	(B)	24.403 A
(C)	17.262 A	(D)	38.621 A
(E)	Answer not known		
deliv recti	ers power to load $R = 10\Omega$ fier circuit, for a firing angle	thro	ough a half wave controlled
(A)	77.64 A	(B)	7.764 A
(C)	776.4 A	(D)	$0.7764 \mathrm{A}$
( <del></del> )	Answer not known		
	chopy (A) (C) (E)  What supp (A) (C) (E)  A sin avera (A) (C) (E)  A sin deliv rectif O/P α (A)	chopping frequency is  (A) $T_{ON}/\alpha$ (C) $\alpha/T_{ON}$ (E) Answer not known  What is the maximum output v supplied with line voltage of 440 V?  (A) 528 V  (C) 594 V  (E) Answer not known  A single phase ac voltage controller $3\Omega$ from 230 V, 50 Hz source. Ca average thyristor current for firing  (A) 34.512 A  (C) 17.262 A  (E) Answer not known  A single phase transformer, with so delivers power to load $R = 10\Omega$ rectifier circuit, for a firing angle O/P current.  (A) 77.64 A  (C) 776.4 A	chopping frequency is  (A) $T_{ON}/\alpha$ (B)  (C) $\alpha/T_{ON}$ (D)  (E) Answer not known  What is the maximum output voltage supplied with line voltage of 440 V?  (A) $528 \text{ V}$ (B)  (C) $594 \text{ V}$ (D)  (E) Answer not known  A single phase ac voltage controller feed $3\Omega$ from 230 V, 50 Hz source. Calculaverage thyristor current for firing angle (A) $34.512 \text{ A}$ (B)  (C) $17.262 \text{ A}$ (D)  (E) Answer not known  A single phase transformer, with second delivers power to load $R = 10\Omega$ throrectifier circuit, for a firing angle delato/P current.  (A) $77.64 \text{ A}$ (B)  (C) $776.4 \text{ A}$ (B)

- 134. The fundamental current component of a full wave diode bridge rectifier is 3A and the displacement factor is 0.9. When the supply current is purely sinusoidal the input power factor of the circuit is
  - (A) zero
  - (B) 0.9 lagging
  - (C) 0.45 lagging
  - (D) 0.707 lagging
  - (E) Answer not known
- 135. In 3-phase AC to DC converter which requires neutral point connection is
  - (A) 3-phase semi converter
  - (B) 3-phase full converter
  - (C) 3-phase half-wave converter
  - (D) 3-phase full converter with diodes
  - (E) Answer not known
- 136. SCRs with peak forward voltage rating of 1000 V and average on state current of 40 A are used in single phase mid point converter. Find the maximum voltage of the converter. Use Factor of Safety (FOS) = 2.5.

41

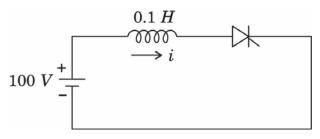
(A) 500 V

(B) 400 V

(C) 600 V

- (D) 200 V
- (E) Answer not known

137. If the latching current in the circuit shown in fig is 4 mA, obtain the minimum width of the gating pulse required to properly turn-on the SCR.



(A)  $2 \mu S$ 

(B)  $4 \mu S$ 

(C) 4 mS

- (D) 2 mS
- (E) Answer not known
- 138. For the power semiconductor devices IGBT, MOSFET, Diode and Thyristor which one of the following statement is true?
  - (A) All the four are majority carrier devices
  - (B) All the four are minority carrier devices
  - (C) IGBT and MOSFET are majority carrier devices whereas diode and thyristor are minority carrier devices
  - (D) MOSFET is majority carrier devices where as IGBT, diode and thyristor are minority carrier devices
  - (E) Answer not known
- 139. RC snubber is used in parallel with the thyristor to
  - (A) reduce dV/dt across it
  - (B) reduce  $\frac{di}{dt}$  through it
  - (C) limit current through thyristor
  - (D) ensure its conduction after gate signal is removed
  - (E) Answer not known

140.	0. A triac is equivalent to two thyristors.			
	(A)	in series	(B)	in inverse series
	(C)	in parallel	(D)	in inverse parallel
	(E)	Answer not known		
141.	An ir	nstrument which is used to mea	sur	e the level of illumination is
	(A)	Power Analyser	(B)	Synergy Meter
	(C)	Multimeter	(D)	Lux meter
	(E)	Answer not known		
142.	the r	ng-line is operating under receiving end voltage is greaters is called as		
	(A)	Skin-effect	(B)	Ferranti-effect
	(C)	Hall-effect	(D)	Corona-effect
	(E)	Answer not known		
143.	Which break	ch of the following properties ker?	are	associated with SF <sub>6</sub> circuit
	1.	At atmospheric pressure its d of air.	iele	ctric strength is 2 to 3 times
	2.	Its molecules absorbs free elec	tron	is in the air path
	3.	Its arc time is few ms		
	4.	Its heat capacity below 6000°F	K is 1	much larger than that of air
	(A)	1, 2 and 3	(B)	1, 2 and 4
	(C)	1, 3 and 4	(D)	1, 2, 3 and 4
	(E)	Answer not known		

- 144. A three phase circuit breaker is rated as 1500 A, 1000 MVA, 33 KV. It's breaking capacity is,
  - (A)  $\sqrt{3} \times 1000 \text{ MVA}$

(B) 1000 MVA

(C)  $\frac{1000}{\sqrt{3}}$  MVA

- (D)  $3 \times 1000 \text{ MVA}$
- (E) Answer not known
- 145. Arcing on transmission lines is prevented by connecting a suitable
  - (A) Circuit breaker

- (B) Protective relay
- (C) Inductor in the neutral
- (D) Capacitor in the neutral
- (E) Answer not known
- 146. Buchholz relay provides protection against faults in
  - (A) Generators

- (B) Transformers
- (C) Transmission lines
- (D) Motors
- (E) Answer not known
- 147. The Nodal Admittance Matrix  $(Y_{bus})$  of a power system is not
  - (A) Symmetric
  - (B) A square matrix
  - (C) A full matrix
  - (D) Generally having dominant diagonal elements
  - (E) Answer not known

148.	3. The most common type of fault is			
	(A)	Single-phase to ground	(B)	Phase-to-Phase
	(C)	Two-phase to ground	(D)	Three-phase to ground
	(E)	Answer not known		
149.		e fault current is 1000 A, rela 5. The plug setting multiplier	-	tting is 50% and CT ratio is
	(A)	40 A	(B)	4 A
	(C)	5 A	(D)	10 A
	(E)	Answer not known		
150.		a 15 bus power system with 3 voian matrix is	volta	ge controlled bus, the size of
	(A)	11 × 11	(B)	$12 \times 12$
	(C)	$24 \times 24$	(D)	$28 \times 28$
	(E)	Answer not known		
151.	const	Hz, 4-pole turbo generator rate cant of 8.0 MJ/MVA. Determine peronous speed.		
	(A)	800 MJ	(B)	1600 MJ
	(C)	400 MJ	(D)	1000 MJ
	(E)	Answer not known		

152.	stri	ng for	r a 22 If the	2 KV,	50 Hz s	single	capacitance value C make up a e phase overhead line insulator tance is also C. Then the string
	(A)	50%	, )				(B) 75%
	(C)	90%	, )				(D) 86%
	(E)	Ans	wer no	ot kno	wn		
153.		es give	en belo		ist-1 and	List	2. Select your answers using the
		List		-			List 2
	(a)		holz r	U		1.	Feeder
	(b)	Tran	slay R	elay		2.	Transformer
	(c)	Nega	tive se	equenc	e Relay	3.	Overhead transmission line
	(d)	Dista	ince re	elay		4.	Generator
		(a)	(b)	(c)	(d)		
	(A)	1	2	3	4		
	(B)	2	1	3	4		

154. The relation between insulation resistance and length of the cable is

3

3

(A) Directly proportional

1

2

Answer not known

4

4

- (B) Inversely proportional
- (C) Remain unchanged
- (D) Exponential rise
- (E) Answer not known

(C)

(D) (E) 2

1

- 155. In the case of a HVDC system there is
  - (A) Charging current but no skin effect
  - (B) No charging current but skin effect
  - (C) Neither charging current nor skin effect
  - (D) Both charging current and skin effect
  - (E) Answer not known

 $w_c$  – weight of conductor/m

 $w_i$  – weight of ice/m

 $w_w$  – weight of wind/m

s – slant sag and  $\theta$  = angle of resultant weight

- (A)  $\sqrt{(w_c + w_i)^2 + w_w^2}$ ;  $s \cos \theta$
- (B)  $\sqrt{(w_c + w_w)^2 + w_i^2}$ ;  $s \cos \theta$
- (C)  $\sqrt{(w_c + w_i)^2 + w_w^2}$ ;  $s \sin \theta$
- (D)  $\sqrt{(w_c + w_w)^2 + w_i^2}$ ,  $s \sin \theta$
- (E) Answer not known
- 157. If a generator of 250 MVA rating has an inertia constant of 6 MJ/MVA, its inertia constant on 100 MVA
  - (A) 15 MJ/MVA

(B) 10.5 MJ/MVA

(C) 6 MJ/MVA

- (D) 2.4 MJ/MVA
- (E) Answer not known

158.	The per unit impedance of a circuit element is 0.30. If the base KV and base MVA are halved, then the new value of the per unit impedance of the circuit element will be			
	(A)	0.30	(B)	0.60
	(C)	0.0030	(D)	0.0060
	(E)	Answer not known		
159.	facto	enerating station has a maxim r of 60% and a plant capac city of the plant is		
	(A)	5 MW	(B)	4 MW
	(C)	6 MW	(D)	10 MW
	(E)	Answer not known		
160.	leaka	ngle phase transformer is rate age reactance is 0.96 Ω when n rmine its leakage reactance in p	refer	red to low-voltage side, then
	(A)	0.021 p.u.	(B)	0.015 p.u.
	(C)	0.018 p.u.	(D)	0.025 p.u.
	(E)	Answer not known	, ,	-
161.		bit digital to analog converter Its resolution is	has	s full scale output voltage of
	(A)	8 mV	(B)	19.5 mV
	(C)	12 mV	(D)	10 mV
	(E)	Answer not known		

162. The reference voltage of a dual slope ADC is 5 V. The integral a capacitor of 1 $\mu F$ and resistance of 100 $k\Omega.$ The time taken an unknown voltage $V_x$ is 0.2 sec. Find $V_x$			of 100 k $\Omega$ . The time taken to read
	(A)	2.1 V	(B) 10 V
	(C)	2.5 V	(D) 8 V
	(E)	Answer not known	
163.	The	LEDs display require	
	(A)	A voltage of 1.2 V and a curre	ent of 20 mA
	(B)	A voltage of 25 V and a curre	nt of 20 mA
	(C)	A voltage of 1.2 V and a curre	ent of 100 mA
	(D)	A voltage of 25 V and a curre	nt of 100 mA
	(E)	Answer not known	
164.		gh permeability nickel iron hy ore in LVDT	drogen annealed material is used
	(A)	To produce high noise	
	(B)	To produce high null voltage	
	(C)	To have low sensitivity	
	(D)	To produce low harmonics	
	(E)	Answer not known	
165.	Whi	ch one of the following devices	can measure pressure directly?
	(A)	LVDT	(B) Strain gauge
	(C)	Rotameter	(D) Bourden Tube
	(E)	Answer not known	. ,

166.	In a LVDT,	the	two	secondary	voltages
------	------------	-----	-----	-----------	----------

- (A) Are independent of the core position
- (B) Vary unequally depending on the core position
- (C) Vary equally depending on the core position
- (D) Are always in phase quadrature
- (E) Answer not known

167. The gap of tape recorder is 7  $\mu m$ . Determine the speed of the tape so as to have satisfactory response at 40000 Hz. Assume the wavelength of the recorded signal is 3 times greater than the gap of recorder.

(A) 2.8 m/sec

(B) 5.75 m/sec

(C) 840 m/sec

(D) 8.4 m/sec

(E) Answer not known

168. The inductance of a moving iron instrument is given by  $L = \left(10 + 5\theta - \theta^2\right)$  MH where  $\theta$  is the deflection in radian from zero position. The spring constant is  $12 \times 10^{-6}$  NM/RAD. The deflection for a current of 5 A is

(A) 90°

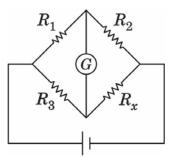
(B) 94.8°

(C) 96.8°

(D) 92°

(E) Answer not known

169. In a wheat stone bridge  $R_1 = 50~\Omega$ ,  $R_2 = 65~\Omega$ ,  $R_3 = 100~\Omega$  and  $R_x$  is unknown resistance when the Galvanometer indicates zero. If  $R_3$  is having  $\pm 5\%$  tolerance on its nominal value, the range of  $R_x$  are



(A) 117, 143

(B) 120, 140

(C) 125.75, 134.75

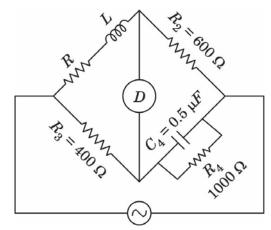
- (D) 123.5, 136.5
- (E) Answer not known
- 170. The true ohm meter measures
  - (A) Average of the instantaneous values of current
  - (B) Average of square of instantaneous currents
  - (C) Instantaneous current
  - (D) Maximum value of current
  - (E) Answer not known
- 171. Which bridge is used for the precise measurement of unknown capacitance and dielectric loss of capacitor?

51

(A) Schering bridge

- (B) Maxwell's bridge
- (C) Wheatstone bridge
- (D) Maxwell's double bridge
- (E) Answer not known

172. Determine the value of R and L of the inductor connected in the bridge circuit shown in fig.



(A)  $1000 \Omega$ , 500 mH

(B)  $666.6 \Omega$ , 180 mH

(C)  $240 \Omega$ , 120 mH

- (D)  $120 \Omega$ , 240 mH
- (E) Answer not known
- 173. The inductance of MI instrument is given by  $L = (12 + 6\theta \theta^2) \mu H$ , where  $\theta$  is the deflection in radians from zero position. The spring constant is  $12 \times 10^6$  NM/Radians. Calculate the deflection for a current of 8 A
  - (A) 14.47°

(B) 144.74°

(C)  $15.54^{\circ}$ 

- (D) 155.4°
- (E) Answer not known
- 174. The following readings are obtained for one month of 30 days. KVAhr meter = 83830, kwh meter = 291940, demand indicator = 1400 kw. Find out the average monthly load factor.
  - (A) 0.289

(B) 0.389

(C) 0.189

- (D) 0.489
- (E) Answer not known

175. I	Phan	tom loading for testing of energ	gy meter is used
(	(A)	to isolate the current and pote	ntial circuits
(	(B)	to improve accuracy	
(	(C)	for meters having low current	rating
(	(D)		rrent rating for which loads may y and also reduces power losses
(	(E)	Answer not known	
$\epsilon$	exten		ernal resistance of 150 $\Omega$ . For $000~\mu$ A. The shunt resistance
(	(A)	25 Ω	(B) 50 Ω
(	(C)	$55~\Omega$	(D) 30 Ω
(	(E)	Answer not known	
		single phase induction type end to ensure that	ergy meter, the lag adjustment is
(	(A)	Current coil flux lags the appl	ied voltage by 90°
(	(B)	Pressure coil flux lags the app	lied voltage by 90°
(	(C)	Pressure coil flux is in phase v	vith the applied voltage
(	(D)	Current coil flux lags the press	sure coil flux by 90°
(	(E)	Answer not known	
		e resistors $R_1 = 50\Omega \pm 5\%$ $R_2$	$R_2 = 60\Omega \pm 5\%$ and $R_3 = 70\Omega \pm 5\%$ g error in ohm is

(A)

(C)

(E)

 $\pm 15\Omega$ 

 $\pm 10\Omega$ 

Answer not known

(B)  $\pm 9\Omega$ 

(D)  $\pm 12\Omega$ 

179. PMMC instruments have

(A) Non uniform scale

(B) High sensitivity

(C) Uniform scale

(D) Both (B) and (C)

(E) Answer not known

180. A step input of 5 A is applied to an ammeter. The pointer swings to a voltage of 5.18 A and finally comes to rest at 5.02 A. Determine the percentage error in the instrument.

(A) 0.2 %

(B) 0.3 %

(C) 0.4 %

(D) 0.5 %

(E) Answer not known

181. A star connected network consists of three resistances 10  $\Omega$ , 10  $\Omega$  and 5  $\Omega$ . Convert the star-connected network to equivalent delta-connected network.

(A)  $40 \Omega, 20 \Omega, 20 \Omega$ 

(B)  $40 \Omega, 15 \Omega, 15 \Omega$ 

(C)  $15 \Omega, 40 \Omega, 15 \Omega$ 

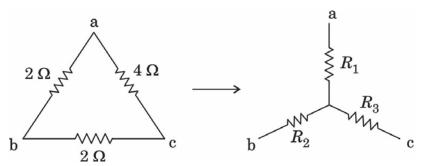
(D)  $10 \Omega$ ,  $15 \Omega$ ,  $15 \Omega$ 

(E) Answer not known

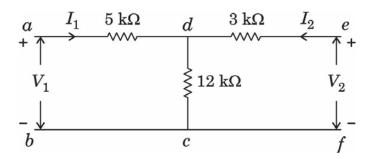
182. Which one of the following statements is incorrect with respect to Delta connected three phase circuit?

- (A) Line currents are 120 ° apart from each other
- (B) Line currents are 30 ° behind the respective phase currents
- (C) The angle between the line currents and the corresponding line voltages is  $45^{\circ} + \phi$
- (D) Line current is  $\sqrt{3}$  times the phase currents
- (E) Answer not known

183. A delta connected network with its wye-equivalent is shown in figure. The resistances  $R_1$ ,  $R_2$  and  $R_3$  (in ohms) are respectively.



- (A) 1, 1 and 0.5
- (B) 0.5, 1 and 1
- (C) 1, 0.5 and 1
- (D) 0.5, 0.5 and 1
- (E) Answer not known
- 184. Find the Z-parameters for the network shown in fig.



- (A)  $Z_{11}=15~K\Omega$ ,  $Z_{12}=17~K\Omega$ ,  $Z_{21}=17~K\Omega$ ,  $Z_{22}=12~K\Omega$
- (B)  $Z_{11} = 17 \ K\Omega$ ,  $Z_{12} = 12 \ K\Omega$ ,  $Z_{21} = 12 \ K\Omega$ ,  $Z_{22} = 15 \ K\Omega$
- (C)  $Z_{11} = 17~K\Omega,~Z_{12} = 15~K\Omega,~Z_{21} = 12~K\Omega,~Z_{22} = 15~K\Omega$
- (D)  $Z_{11}=15~K\Omega$ ,  $Z_{12}=17~K\Omega$ ,  $Z_{21}=17~K\Omega$ ,  $Z_{22}=15~K\Omega$
- (E) Answer not known

185. The h parameters  $h_{11}$  and  $h_{12}$  are obtained by

- (A) Shorting output terminals
- (B) Shorting input terminal
- (C) Opening input terminal
- (D) Opening output terminal
- (E) Answer not known

186. If a two-port network is passive, then we have, with the usual notation, the following relationship

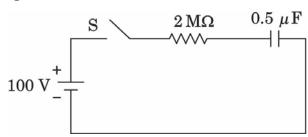
(A)  $h_{12} = h_{21}$ 

(B)  $h_{12} = -h_{21}$ 

(C)  $h_{11} = h_{22}$ 

- (D)  $h_{11}.h_{22}-h_{12}.h_{21}=1$
- (E) Answer not known

187. The voltage across R after t=0 and t=1 sec, will be



(A) 100 V, 632 V

(B) 0 V, 63.2 V

(C) 100 V, 36.8 V

- (D) 0 V, 36.8 V
- (E) Answer not known

188. The time constant of a series RL circuit is

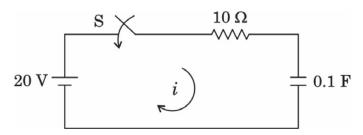
(A) LR

(B) R/L

(C)  $e^{-R/L}$ 

- (D) L/R
- (E) Answer not known

189. A series Rc circuit consists of R=10  $\Omega$  C=0.1 F. A constant voltage of 20 V is applied to the circuit at t=0. Determine the voltage across the resistor?



(A)  $20 (1-e^{-10t})$  volts

(B) 20 e<sup>-10t</sup> volts

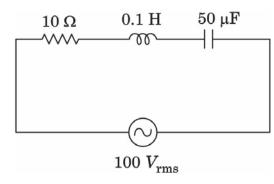
(C) 20 e<sup>-t</sup> volts

- (D) 20 (1-e<sup>-t</sup>) volts
- (E) Answer not known
- 190. Which one of the following statements is incorrect with respect to resonance. At resonance, in RLC series circuit?
  - (A) Current is maximum
  - (B) Impedance is maximum
  - (C) Current is in phase with the applied voltage
  - (D) Capacitive reactance is equal to inductive reactance
  - (E) Answer not known
- 191. The neutral points of source and load are shorted to form the reference node in a single phase equivalent circuit even if the neutral points are connected through impedance in the actual circuit. This is so because the neutral connection in a balanced circuit will

**57** 

- (A) Not carry any current
- (B) Carry maximum current
- (C) Carry minimum current
- (D) Not carry zero current
- (E) Answer not known

192. For the circuit shown, find the Q-factor



(A) 10

(B) 447

(C) 4.47

- (D) 71
- (E) Answer not known
- 193. In a series RLC circuit operating below the resonant frequency, the current
  - (A) I leads Vs

- (B) I lags Vs
- (C) I is in phase with Vs
- (D) Zero
- (E) Answer not known
- 194. A circuit with a resistor, inductor and capacitor in series is resonant of  $f_o$  Hz. If all the components values are now doubled, the new resonant frequency is
  - (A)  $2f_0$

(B) Still  $f_0$ 

(C)  $f_0/4$ 

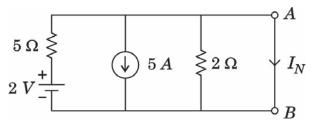
- (D)  $f_0/2$
- (E) Answer not known

- 195. When two resistances of equal values (R) connected in parallel, the effective resistance is
  - (A) R

(B) R/2

(C) 2R

- (D) R<sup>2</sup>
- (E) Answer not known
- 196. Norton's current  $I_N$  flowing between terminals A and B of the following circuit is

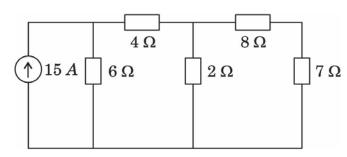


(A) -4.6 A

(B) -5.4 A

(C) 4.6 A

- (D) 5.4 A
- (E) Answer not known
- 197. Determine the current flowing in the  $2\Omega$  resistance in network shown in fig.



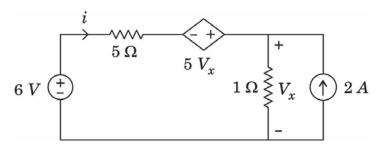
(A)  $67.5 \Omega$ 

(B)  $6.75 \Omega$ 

(C)  $6 \Omega$ 

- (D)  $75 \Omega$
- (E) Answer not known

198. Find *i* using superposition theorem.



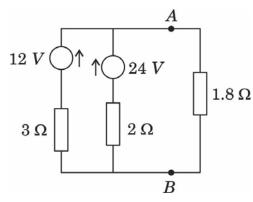
(A) 10 A

(B) 14 A

(C) 16.5 A

- (D) 18 A
- (E) Answer not known

199. In the following circuit, the current flowing through 1.8  $\Omega$  resistor is



(A) 3.2 A

(B) 6.4 A

(C) 16 A

- (D) 7.2 A
- (E) Answer not known

200. Superposition theorem is not applicable for

- (A) Voltage calculations
- (B) Bilateral elements
- (C) Power calculations
- (D) Passive elements
- (E) Answer not known